

the presence of ST receptor protein in said test sample above the presence of ST receptor protein in said negative control sample indicates that said individual has metastasized colorectal cancer.

<sup>2</sup>  
Claim ~~10~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>1</sup>~~9~~ wherein  
said test assay is an immunoassay to detect ST receptor protein comprising ST receptor protein-specific detectable antibodies that are contacted with said test sample, and  
said negative control assay is an immunoassay to detect ST receptor protein comprising ST receptor protein-specific detectable antibodies that are contacted with said negative control sample.

<sup>3</sup>  
Claim ~~11~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>1</sup>~~9~~ wherein said sample is body fluid.

<sup>4</sup>  
Claim ~~12~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>3</sup>~~11~~ wherein said sample is blood.

<sup>5</sup>  
Claim ~~13~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>1</sup>~~9~~ further comprising the step of performing a positive control assay on a positive control sample to detect ST receptor protein present in said positive control sample.

<sup>6</sup>  
Claim ~~14~~ (New). An *in vitro* method of determining whether or not an individual has metastasized colorectal cancer comprising the steps of:

a) performing a test assay on a test sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or body fluids

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from an individual to detect mRNA encoding ST receptor protein present in said test sample;

b) performing a negative control assay on a negative control sample to detect mRNA encoding ST receptor protein present in said negative control sample;

c) comparing results of said test assay with results of said negative control assay, wherein the presence of mRNA encoding ST receptor protein in said test sample above the presence of mRNA encoding ST receptor protein in said negative control sample indicates that said individual has metastasized colorectal cancer.

*cont*  
Claim <sup>7</sup>~~15~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>6</sup>~~14~~ wherein said test assay comprises amplification of mRNA by polymerase chain reaction, and said negative control assay comprises amplification of mRNA by polymerase chain reaction.

Claim <sup>8</sup>~~16~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>6</sup>~~14~~ wherein said sample is body fluid.

Claim <sup>9</sup>~~17~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>8</sup>~~16~~ wherein said sample is blood.

Claim <sup>10</sup>~~18~~ (New). The method of claim <sup>6</sup>~~14~~ further comprising the step of performing a positive control assay on a positive control sample to detect mRNA encoding ST receptor protein present in said positive control sample.

<sup>11</sup>  
**Claim ~~19~~ (New).** An *in vitro* assay kit for determining whether or not an individual has metastasized colorectal cancer by detecting the presence of ST receptor protein in a sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or body fluids from an individual, said kit comprising:

a container comprising antibodies specific for ST receptor protein;

instructions for using said kit, said instructions indicating steps for

performing a method to detect the presence of ST receptor protein in said sample

and

analyzing data generated by said method, wherein said instructions indicate that

the presence of ST receptor in said sample indicates that the individual has colorectal cancer.

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<sup>12</sup>  
**Claim ~~20~~ (New).** The kit of claim ~~19~~ <sup>11</sup> further comprising a container that comprises a detectable antibody that binds to said antibodies specific for ST receptor protein.

<sup>13</sup>  
**Claim ~~21~~ (New).** An *in vitro* assay kit for determining whether or not an individual has metastasized colorectal cancer, said kit comprising:

a container comprising antibodies specific for ST receptor protein;

a container comprising a negative control sample;

instructions for using said kit, said instructions indicating steps for

performing a test assay to detect the presence of ST receptor protein in a test

sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or bodily fluid from said individual,

performing a negative control assay to detect the presence of ST receptor protein

in said negative control sample and

comparing data generated by said test assay and negative control assay, wherein said instructions indicate that the presence of ST receptor in said test sample above the presence of ST receptor in said negative control sample indicates that the individual has colorectal cancer.

<sup>14</sup>  
Claim ~~22~~ (New). The kit of claim <sup>13</sup>~~21~~ further comprising a container that comprises a detectable antibody that binds to said antibodies specific for ST receptor protein.

<sup>15</sup>  
Claim ~~23~~ (New). An *in vitro* PCR assay kit for determining whether or not an individual has colorectal cancer by detecting the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein in a sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or body fluids from an individual, said kit comprising:

a first container comprising PCR primers that specifically amplify mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein;

a second container comprising a size marker, said size marker being the expected size of amplified DNA if said mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein is present in said sample; and

instructions for using said kit, wherein said instructions indicate steps for

performing a method to detect the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein in said sample and

analyzing data generated by said method, wherein said instructions indicate that the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein in said sample indicates that the individual has colorectal cancer.

<sup>1/2</sup>  
Claim ~~24~~ (New). An *in vitro* assay kit for determining whether or not an individual has metastasized colorectal cancer, said kit comprising:

a first container comprising PCR primers that specifically amplify mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein;

a second container comprising a size marker, said size marker being the expected size of amplified DNA of mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein;

a third container comprising a negative control sample;

and

instructions for using said kit, wherein said instructions indicate steps for

performing a test assay to detect the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein in a test sample of extraintestinal tissue and/or bodily fluid from said individual,

performing a negative control assay to detect the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor protein in said negative control sample and

comparing data generated by said test assay and negative control assay, wherein said instructions indicate that the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor in said test sample above the presence of mRNA that encodes ST receptor in said negative control sample indicates that the individual has colorectal cancer.

#### REMARKS

This application is a continuation application filed herewith pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b). The parent application, Serial Number 08/789,270 filed January 28, 1997, has been